

EDUCATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE OF NATIONAL TRADITIONS

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.15627912>

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Annotation

In this article, national traditions and national customs are educational importance was discussed and the national traditions and customs of our people were touched upon.

Key words

national tradition, Avesta, honesty, faith, spiritual outlook, spirituality and culture.

INTRODUCTION

Education is a means of transmitting the cultural values and historical collections of societies from generation to generation. In this regard, the incorporation of national traditions into the content of education plays an important role in the development of students' sense of identity and the formation of social consciousness. Traditions not only carry traces of the past, but also affect the current social dynamics. National values included in the curriculum increase students' feelings of social belonging and harmonize them with national identity. Especially in peoples of different ethnic backgrounds, the importance of these traditions creates a regular educational environment, supporting the concept of multiculturalism. As a result, the influence of national traditions on the educational curriculum plays an important role not only in increasing the level of knowledge of the individual, but also in terms of the integrity and cultural stability of society.

The inclusion of cultural values in the content of education greatly contributes to the development of individual and social identity of students.

When students learn about and own their cultural heritage, they have the opportunity to form their own identity and strengthen their social ties. From this point of view, the integration of national traditions into the education system helps students grow with a sense of social responsibility. In addition, the joint assessment of different cultural elements allows for the development of a multicultural worldview. "This way of developing the educational program helps students broaden their worldview, improve their critical thinking skills, and contribute to

their social adaptation.” Thus, the inclusion of cultural values in educational processes not only supports the transfer of knowledge, but also strengthens the value system.

MAIN PART

Our people, as we know from history, have always had a diverse and high culture, traditions, and customs that have been created over thousands of years and have become a way of life for our people.

National traditions are the concepts, signs, characteristics, types of activities, customs and qualities that are manifested in various spheres of a nation's life, transmitted from generation to generation and inherited[3]. Through them, each nation passes on its unique characteristics, lifestyle, culture, science, literature and other achievements and achievements in other areas to generations living in another era. National customs are a historical and social category, which are relations that have become patterns and patterns in production, livelihood, behavior, etc., passed down from generation to generation in the process of the historical development of a particular nation. Customs have lived for centuries and, having become moral norms of people, are absorbed into their blood, behavior, and forms of daily life.

National traditions are distinguished by the fact that they are the most important means of educating people. In the past, invading colonialists tried to deprive the people of their national traditions and national identity in order to dominate them. Our people have also experienced such actions during their long historical development.

For example, when the ancient Greek commander Alexander the Great invaded our country, he burned and destroyed some parts of the book "Avesta", which was the spiritual wealth of our ancestors.

Also, the policy of depriving our people of national traditions and customs was manifested during the Soviet colonial period. They invented and skillfully implemented various excuses to limit the customs, rituals, even the skullcap, sumalaki, and cradle that had become an integral part of our people's way of life.

Harvest Festival, Threshing Day, Melon Festival, gossip, kopkari, weddings and other customs were condemned as relics of the past. Our national folk games such as Dorboz were not paid attention to. All of this was put an end to after our country gained independence.

Our customs and traditions, which are an integral part of our national spirituality and culture, are developing widely today. National customs and traditions that have been formed during the historical development of our people and have become an integral part of their way of life, such as greetings from

younger people to older ones, hospitality, helping the sick, weak, and those in trouble, not taking the rights of orphans and other human qualities are also developing day by day in the minds and daily lives of our people. Traditions and customs are manifested in each nation in their own way. It is necessary to know and respect the customs and traditions of their people. Because respect for national customs and traditions is a component of respect for the nation.

The role of national customs and traditions in the formation and development of our youth as fully developed people is incomparable. It has been widely established to educate each younger generation, first of all in the family, and then at the later stages of education, in the spirit of national customs and traditions. The formation and development of a sense of respect for our national customs and traditions in them is of educational importance.

CONCLUSION

It should be said that as long as there is a nation, a people, national aspects will always be preserved in its spiritual world. The national spirituality of our people, the unique oriental moral qualities of men and women, connected with parents, children, relatives, neighborhood ties, honesty, faith, conscience, spirituality is not only an echo of the past, but also characteristic of the present. Our national-spiritual qualities such as respect for elders and parents, humility, honesty, faith, hard work, hospitality are always stable. Because these spiritual qualities are passed down from generation to generation and are ingrained in our blood. As long as there is a nation, its spirituality will be preserved and will continue to develop.

Today, the initiative, strength and enthusiasm associated with striving for the future are developing day by day in our youth. This, in turn, will pave the way for the formation and development of a healthy spiritual worldview in our youth.

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