

THE IMPORTANCE OF PEDAGOGICAL COMMUNICATION IN PRIMARY EDUCATION

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Sayliyeva Mashkura Muxtorkuli qizi

Teacher of Primary Education Methodology, CHDPU

Annotation

This article analyzes the importance of pedagogical communication in primary education. Pedagogical communication, as the main form of effective interaction between teachers and students, significantly influences the success of the educational process. The relationships based on mutual respect, trust, and communication between teachers and students contribute to the emotional and cognitive development of students, as well as enhance their interest in learning.

The article discusses the key elements of effective pedagogical communication, such as listening, explaining, asking questions, developing critical thinking, and the culture of speech. The main goal of pedagogical communication is not only to provide students with knowledge but also to consider their individual needs and establish positive and constructive relationships with them.

Additionally, the article explores the teacher's leadership role in the communication process, improving emotional connections with students, and the possibilities of using modern technologies to enhance communication.

Keywords

pedagogical communication, primary education, teacher-student relationships, educational process, emotional development, student motivation, mutual respect, effective communication, speech culture, constructive relationships, listening and explaining, individual approach, interest in learning, educational technologies, teacher's role

The primary education system plays a crucial role in shaping the foundational skills of students. During this period, children not only acquire knowledge but also develop as individuals, gain social skills, and learn how to communicate with others. Therefore, the methods of pedagogical communication used by teachers and their interaction with students are vital for ensuring the effectiveness and positivity of the educational process. Pedagogical communication is the primary tool for establishing mutual interaction between the teacher and students, helping to develop skills such as expressing thoughts, asking questions, exchanging ideas, and actively engaging in the learning process.

The essence of pedagogical communication.Pedagogical communication organizes the exchange of ideas between the teacher and students during the educational process. This process involves not only delivering information but also understanding the interpersonal relationships, emotional states, interests, and needs of students. Effective pedagogical communication is implemented through teacher-student interactions tailored to the psychological and emotional states of the students. By using their speech culture, listening skills, and asking the right questions, teachers can facilitate the learning process.

For pedagogical communication to be effective, teachers must consider the following key factors:

1.Building trust between the teacher and student – This allows children to feel comfortable and engage in the learning process.

2.Emotional approach – Understanding the emotional state of students and addressing their psychological needs.

3.Mutual respect and cooperation – Teachers should treat students with respect and attentiveness, recognizing them as equals in communication.

4.Cognitive development – Providing opportunities for students to ask questions and exchange ideas, which helps to develop their critical thinking.

Types and methods of pedagogical communication.Pedagogical communication can be divided into several types, each offering different ways to influence students. The main types include:

1.Verbal communication – This is carried out through speech. When explaining concepts, the teacher should make the information engaging and understandable to students. Additionally, it is important to ask questions, resolve misunderstandings, and establish dialogue.

2.Non-verbal communication – This is carried out through body language, facial expressions, and hand gestures. Teachers must observe students' emotions and reactions and respond accordingly. This type of communication is especially important when working with children.

3.Emotional communication – This involves expressing the teacher's feelings towards students and understanding their interests and needs. Accurately identifying a student's emotional state and providing support and encouragement helps motivate them in the learning process.

4.Social communication – This focuses on strengthening interpersonal communication between students and developing teamwork skills. Students should be encouraged to express their thoughts freely, collaborate, and solve

problems together. The teacher plays a key role in managing groups and guiding their communication.

The importance of pedagogical communication in primary education. In primary education, communication not only helps provide knowledge to students but also contributes to their emotional and social development. When students have proper communication with their teachers, they gain self-confidence, become more willing to express their thoughts freely, and learn to understand their individual needs. Pedagogical communication enhances the effectiveness of the educational process and also helps develop skills such as mutual respect, trust, and collaboration among students.

For teachers, it is essential to continuously improve their pedagogical communication skills, refine their methods, and integrate new approaches and technologies. Furthermore, teaching students the proper ways to communicate, strengthening relationships with them, and making the learning process more effective are important goals.

Pedagogical communication in primary education is undoubtedly of great importance to the success of the learning process. Effective communication between the teacher and the student not only facilitates knowledge transfer but also supports the student's personal development and the formation of their social skills. Pedagogical communication is an important tool in enhancing teachers' professional skills, increasing students' motivation to learn, and improving the quality of the educational system.

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